## Julius Caesar: Act I Scene II

Respond to the following questions on a separate piece of paper. Black or dark/blue ink <u>pen only</u>. Number each response. Skip one line after each answer/response. Write in <u>complete sentences</u>. Each response must be detailed and properly answer the question (<u>3-5 sentences</u>).

- 1. What is the relationship between Caesar and Antony? (779)
- 2. What does Caesar ask Antony to do for Calphurnia? Why? (779)
- 3. How does the Soothsayer's repeated warning serve as a foreshadowing? (779)
- 4. Why does Caesar dismiss the soothsayer's warning so quickly? (781)
- 5. What is Cassius saying when he says it is unfortunate that Brutus has "no such mirror"? (781)
- 6. Does Cassius rely on facts, eloquent language, or ad hominem attacks in his efforts to persuade Brutus to join the conspiracy? (782-783)
- 7. Critical Thinking: Why do you think the play focuses on the interaction between Cassius and Brutus, rather than Caesar being received by the Roman people?
- 8. Do you think Brutus realizes Cassius is trying to use and manipulate him against Caesar? Explain.
- 9. What do Caesar's remarks about Cassius tell you about the Roman leader? (785-786)
- 10. The real Caesar was not deaf in one ear. Why do you think Shakespeare might have invented this detail about the Roman leader? (786)
- 11. What is Casca's theory regarding Caesar's refusal of the crown three times? What does that tell us about Casca's feelings about Caesar? (787)
- 12. Why do you think Casca's dialogue is in prose and not in iambic pentameter? (786-788)
- 13. How does Cassius make a pun on the term falling-sickness? (787)
- 14. What happens to Marullus and Flavius? Why? (788)
- 15. What plan does Cassius reveal in his soliloquy? (788-789)

## **TERMS**

- 1. **Soothsayer**: a person supposed to be able to see the future
- 2. **Ad Hominem** is a fallacy (unsound argument) in which an argument or reaction directed against a person rather than the position they are maintaining.
- 3. **Prose**: Written in spoken language
- 4. **Iambic Pentameter**: a line of verse with five metrical feet, each consisting of one short (or unstressed) syllable followed by one long (or stressed) syllable, for example Two households, both alike in dignity.
- 5. **Pun**: a joke exploiting the different possible meanings of a word
- 6. **Soliloquy**: A long speech by a character who is alone, which gives the illusion of being the character's unspoken thoughts or reflections.